

# **MGate 5134 Series User Manual**

---

**Version 1.1, June 2024**

[www.moxa.com/products](http://www.moxa.com/products)

**MOXA**<sup>®</sup>

© 2024 Moxa Inc. All rights reserved.

## **MGate 5134 Series User Manual**

The software described in this manual is furnished under a license agreement and may be used only in accordance with the terms of that agreement.

### **Copyright Notice**

© 2024 Moxa Inc. All rights reserved.

### **Trademarks**

The MOXA logo is a registered trademark of Moxa Inc.  
All other trademarks or registered marks in this manual belong to their respective manufacturers.

### **Disclaimer**

- Information in this document is subject to change without notice and does not represent a commitment on the part of Moxa.
- Moxa provides this document as is, without warranty of any kind, either expressed or implied, including, but not limited to, its particular purpose. Moxa reserves the right to make improvements and/or changes to this manual, or to the products and/or the programs described in this manual, at any time.
- Information provided in this manual is intended to be accurate and reliable. However, Moxa assumes no responsibility for its use, or for any infringements on the rights of third parties that may result from its use.
- This product might include unintentional technical or typographical errors. Changes are periodically made to the information herein to correct such errors, and these changes are incorporated into new editions of the publication.

### **Technical Support Contact Information**

[www.moxa.com/support](http://www.moxa.com/support)

## Table of Contents

<b>1. Introduction .....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>2. Getting Started .....</b>	<b>5</b>
Connecting the Power .....	5
Connecting Serial Devices.....	5
Connecting to a Network .....	5
Installing DSU Software.....	5
Log In to the Web Console.....	6
microSD .....	7
<b>3. Web Console Configuration and Troubleshooting .....</b>	<b>8</b>
System Dashboard.....	8
System Settings .....	9
System Settings—General Settings.....	9
System Settings—Network Settings.....	11
System Settings—Serial Settings.....	12
System Settings—SNMP Settings.....	14
Protocol Settings .....	18
Protocol Settings—Modbus Client Settings .....	18
Protocol Settings—PROFINET IO Device Settings .....	24
Diagnostics .....	27
Diagnostics—Protocol Diagnostics.....	27
Diagnostics—Protocol Traffic .....	29
Diagnostics—Event Log .....	29
Diagnostics—Tag View .....	33
Diagnostics—Network Connections .....	34
Diagnostics—Ping .....	34
Diagnostics—LLDP .....	35
Security.....	35
Security—Account Management .....	35
Security—Service .....	39
Security—Allow List .....	40
Security—DoS Defense .....	41
Security—Login Policy .....	42
Security—Certificate Management .....	43
Maintenance .....	44
Maintenance—Configuration Import/Export.....	44
Maintenance—Firmware Upgrade.....	45
Maintenance—Load Factory Default .....	45
Restart.....	46
Status Monitoring .....	46
<b>4. Network Management Tool (MXstudio).....</b>	<b>48</b>
<b>A. SNMP Agents with MIB II and RS-232-Like Groups .....</b>	<b>49</b>
RFC1213 MIB-II Supported SNMP Variables .....	49
RFC1317 RS-232-Like Groups .....	50

# 1. Introduction

---

The MGate 5134 is an industrial Ethernet gateway for converting Modbus RTU/ASCII/TCP to PROFINET network communications. To integrate existing Modbus devices into a PROFINET network, use the MGate 5134 as a Modbus client to collect data and exchange data with PROFINET host. All models are protected by a rugged and compact metal housing, are DIN-rail mountable, and offer built-in serial isolation. The rugged design is suitable for industrial applications such as factory automation, power, oil & gas, water and wastewater, and other process automation industries.

## 2. Getting Started

---

### Connecting the Power

The unit can be powered by connecting a power source to the terminal block:

1. Connect the 12 to 48 VDC power line or DIN-rail power supply to the MGate's power terminal block.
2. Tighten the screws on both sides of the terminal block.
3. Turn on the power source.

Note that the unit does not have an on/off switch. It automatically turns on when it receives power. The PWR LED on the top panel will glow to show that the unit is receiving power. For power terminal block pin assignments, refer to the *Quick Installation Guide, Power Input and Relay Output Pinout* section.

### Connecting Serial Devices

The MGate supports Modbus serial devices. Before connecting or removing the serial connection, first make sure the power is turned off. For the serial port pin assignments, refer to the *Quick Installation Guide, Pin Assignments* section.

### Connecting to a Network

Connect one end of the Ethernet cable to the MGate's 10/100M Ethernet port and the other end of the cable to the Ethernet network. The MGate will show a valid connection to the Ethernet in the following ways:

- The Ethernet LED maintains a solid green color when connected to a 100 Mbps Ethernet network.
- The Ethernet LED maintains a solid orange color when connected to a 10 Mbps Ethernet network.
- The Ethernet LED will flash when Ethernet packets are being transmitted or received.

### Installing DSU Software

If you do not know the MGate gateway's IP address when setting it up for the first time (default IP is 192.168.127.254); use an Ethernet cable to connect the host PC and MGate gateway directly. If you connect the gateway and host PC through the same Ethernet switch, make sure there is no router between them. You can then use the **Device Search Utility (DSU)** to detect the MGate gateways on your network. You can download DSU from Moxa's website: [www.moxa.com](http://www.moxa.com).

The following instructions explain how to install the DSU, a utility to search for MGate units on a network.

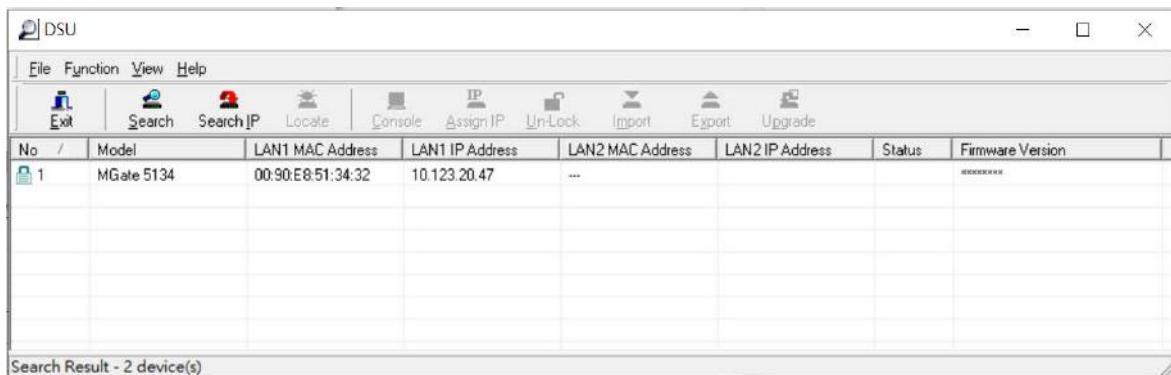
1. Locate and run the following setup program to begin the installation process:

**dsu\_setup\_[Version]\_Build\_[DateTime].exe**

This version might be named **dsu\_setup\_Ver2.x\_Build\_xxxxxxxx.exe**

2. The Welcome window will greet you. Click **Next** to continue.
3. When the **Select Destination Location** window appears, click **Next** to continue. You may change the destination directory by first clicking on **Browse....**
4. When the **Select Additional Tasks** window appears, click **Next** to continue. You may select **Create a desktop icon** if you would like a shortcut to the DSU on your desktop.
5. Click **Install** to copy the software files.
6. A progress bar will appear. The procedure should take only a few seconds to complete.
7. A message will show the DSU has been successfully installed. You may choose to run it immediately by selecting **Launch DSU**.
8. You may also open the DSU through **Start > Programs > MOXA > DSU**.

The DSU window should appear as shown below. Click **Search** and a new Search window will pop up.

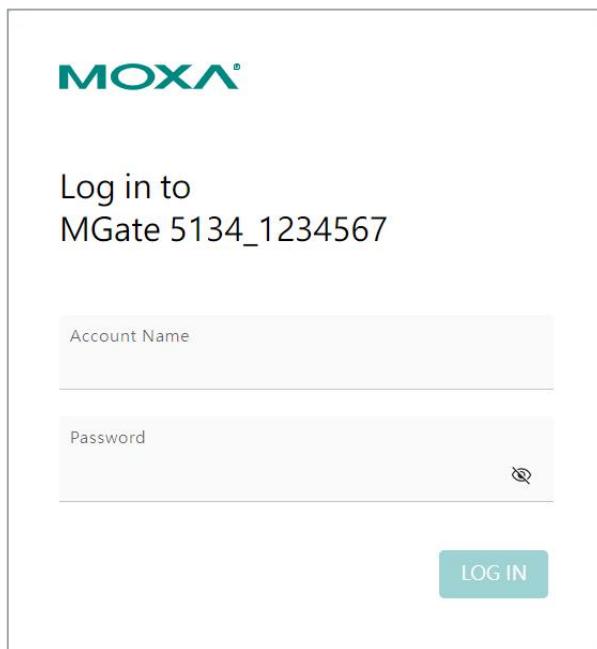


## Log In to the Web Console

Use the Web console to configure the MGate through Ethernet or verify the MGate's status. Use a web browser, such as Google Chrome to connect to the MGate, using the HTTPS protocol.

When the MGate gateway appears on the DSU device list, select the gateway and right-click the mouse button to open a web console to configure the gateway.

On the login page, create an account name and set a password that is at least 8 characters long when you log in for the first time. Or if you already have an account, log in with your account name and password. If you change the MGate's IP and other related network settings, click **SAVE**, and the MGate will reboot.



# microSD

The MGate provides users with an easy way to back up, copy, replace, or deploy. The MGate is equipped with a microSD card slot. Users can plug in a microSD card to back up data, including the system configuration settings.

## First time use of a new microSD card with the MGate gateway

1. Format the microSD card as FAT file system through a PC.
2. Power off the MGate and insert the microSD card (ensure that the microSD card is empty).
3. Power on the MGate. The default settings will be copied to the microSD card.
4. Manually configure the MGate via the web console, and all the stored changes will be copied to the microSD card for synchronization.

## First time use of a microSD card containing a configuration file with the MGate gateway

1. Power off the MGate and insert the microSD card.
2. Power on the MGate.
3. The configuration file stored in the microSD card will automatically be copied to the MGate.

## Duplicating current configurations to another MGate gateway

1. Power off the MGate and insert a new microSD card.
2. Power on the MGate.
3. The configuration will be copied from the MGate to the microSD card.
4. Power off the MGate and insert the microSD card into the other MGate.
5. Power on the second MGate.
6. The configuration file stored in the microSD card will automatically be copied to the MGate.

## Malfunctioning MGate replacement

1. Replace the malfunctioning MGate with a new MGate.
2. Insert the microSD card into the new MGate.
3. Power on the MGate.
4. The configuration file stored on the microSD card will automatically be copied to the MGate.

## microSD card writing failure

The following circumstances may cause the microSD card to experience a writing failure:

1. The microSD card has less than 20 Mbytes of free space remaining.
2. The microSD card is write-protected.
3. The file system is corrupted.
4. The microSD card is damaged.

The MGate will stop working in case of the above events, accompanied by a flashing Ready LED and beeping alarm. When you replace the MGate gateway's microSD card, the microSD card will synchronize the configurations stored on the MGate gateway. Note that the replacement microSD card should not contain any configuration files on it; otherwise, the out-of-date configuration will be copied to the MGate device.

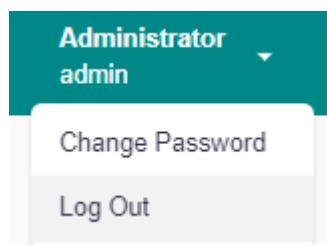
# 3. Web Console Configuration and Troubleshooting

This chapter provides a quick overview of how to configure the MGate 5134 by web console.

## System Dashboard

This page gives a system dashboard of the MGate 5134 gateway.

You can change your password or log out using the options on the top-right corner of the page.



# System Settings

## System Settings—General Settings

On this page, you can change the name of the device and time settings.

Home > General Settings

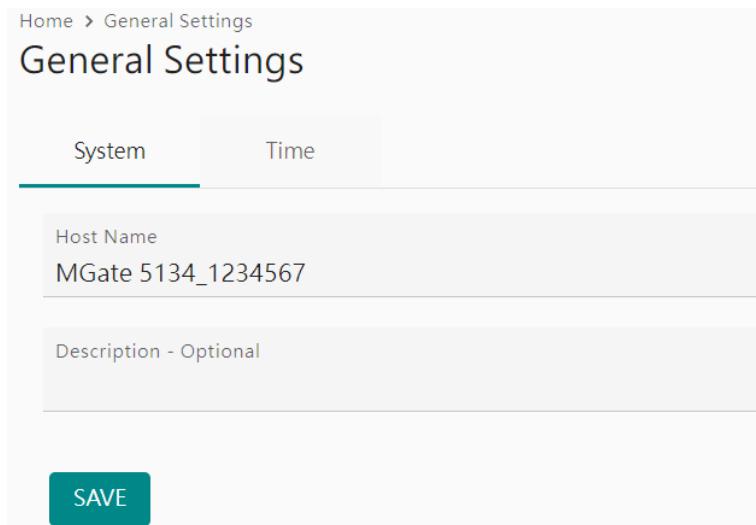
### General Settings

System      Time

Host Name  
MGate 5134\_1234567

Description - Optional

**SAVE**



#### **System Settings**

Parameter	Value	Description
<b>Host Name</b>	Alphanumeric string	Enter a name that can help you uniquely identify the device. For example, you can include the name and function of the device.
<b>Description</b>	Alphanumeric string	(optional) You can include additional description about the device such as function and location.

#### **Time Settings**

The MGATE has a built-in real-time clock for time-calibration functions. Functions such as logs use the real-time clock to add the timestamp to messages.



#### **ATTENTION**

First-time users should select the time zone first. The console will display the actual time in your time zone relative to the GMT. If you would like to modify the real-time clock, select Local time. MGATE's firmware will modify the GMT time according to the Time Zone setting.

## General Setting

Home > General Setting

System Time

Current date and time: July 4, 2022 at 18:29:23

Timezone

(GMT+08:00)Taipei

Daylight saving time

Enable  Disabled

Start	Month	Week	Day	Hour
	3	5	0	1
End	Month	Week	Day	Hour
	10	5	0	1
Offset	+00:00			

Sync Mode

Manual  Auto

<a href="#">sync with browser</a>		
Date		
2022/07/04		
Hour	Minute	Second
18	28	19

**SAVE**

Parameter	Value	Description
<b>Time zone</b>	User-selectable time zone	Shows the current time zone selected and allows change to a different time zone.
<b>Daylight saving time</b>	<b>Enable</b> <b>Disable</b>	Enable and set up the daylight saving time; or disable daylight saving time.
<b>Sync Mode</b>	<b>Manual</b>	Use this setting to manually adjust the time (1900/1/1-2037/12/31) or sync with the browser time
	<b>Auto</b>	Specify the IP or domain of the time server to sync with (E.g., 192.168.1.1 or time.stdtime.gov.tw). This optional field specifies the IP address or domain name of the time server on your network. The module supports SNTP (RFC-1769) for automatic time calibration. The MGate will request the time information from the specified time server per the configured time.



## ATTENTION

If the dispersion of the time server is higher than the client (MGate), the client will not accept NTP messages from the time server. The MGATE's dispersion is 1 second. You must configure your time server with a dispersion value lower than 1 sec for the NTP process to complete.

## System Settings—Network Settings

You can change the IP Configuration, IP Address, Netmask, Default Gateway, and DNS settings on the **Network Settings** page.

**Network Setting**

Home > Network Setting

LAN Mode

Switch

---

**LAN 1 IP Configuration**

DHCP  Static

IP Address  
10.123.4.44

---

Netmask  
255.255.255.0

---

Gateway  
10.123.4.1

---

**DNS Server**

Preferred DNS Server  
10.168.1.23

---

Alternative DNS Server  
10.168.1.24

---

**SAVE**

Parameter	Value	Description
<b>LAN Mode</b>	<b>Switch, Dual IP, Redundant LAN</b>	The <b>Switch</b> mode allows users to install the device with daisy-chain topology. The <b>Dual IP</b> mode allows the gateway to have two different IP addresses, each with distinct Netmask and gateway settings. The IP addresses can have the same MAC address. <b>NOTE:</b> In the <b>Dual IP</b> mode, the PROFINET protocol can only be used on the LAN1 port (ETH1). The <b>Redundant LAN</b> mode allows users to use the same IP address on both Ethernet ports. The default active LAN port is ETH1 after bootup. If the active LAN fails to respond, the device will automatically switch to the backup LAN ETH2.
<b>IP Configuration</b>	<b>DHCP, Static IP</b>	Select <b>Static IP</b> if you are using a fixed IP address. Select the DHCP option if you want the IP address to be dynamically assigned.
<b>IP Address</b>	192.168.127.254 (or other 32-bit number)	The <b>IP Address</b> identifies the server on the TCP/IP network.
<b>Netmask</b>	255.255.255.0 (or other 32-bit number)	Identifies the server as belonging to a Class A, B, or C network.
<b>Gateway</b>	0.0.0.0 (or other 32-bit number)	The IP address of the router that provides network access outside the server's LAN.
<b>Preferred DNS Server</b>	0.0.0.0 (or other 32-bit number)	The IP address of the primary domain name server.
<b>Alternative DNS Server</b>	0.0.0.0 (or other 32-bit number)	The IP address of the secondary domain name server.

## System Settings—Serial Settings

The serial interface supports RS-232, RS-422, and RS-485 interfaces. You must configure the baudrate, parity, data bits, and stop bits before using the serial interface for the Modbus RTU/ASCII protocol. Incorrect settings will cause communication failures.

Serial Setting

Home > Serial Setting

Port	Interface	Baud Rate	Parity, Data Bits, Stop Bits	Flow Control
#1 AAAAA	RS-232	115200	Even, 8, 1	None

Click the "pen" icon to configure serial port parameters, such as the interface, baudrate, terminator, and pull-up/pull-down resistor.

< # 1

Home > Serial Setting > # 1

Alias

---

Interface

RS-485 2-wire

Terminator

120Ω  None

Pull-up & Pull-down Resistor

1kΩ  150kΩ

Baud Rate

38400

Parity

None

Data Bits

5  6  7  8

Stop Bits

1  2

FIFO

Enable  Disabled

Parameter	Value	Description
<b>Alias</b>	Alphanumeric string	Allows you to define an alias to a port for easier identification. Max. 16 characters.
<b>Interface</b>	<b>RS-232, RS-422, RS-485 2-wire, RS-485 4-wire</b>	
<b>Terminator</b>	<b>120Ω, None</b>	Default is none, which means the terminator is disabled. Try to enable the 120 Ω when the communication has issues, especially for long distance communication.
<b>Pull-up &amp; Pull-down Resistor</b>	<b>1kΩ, 150kΩ</b>	Default value is 150 kΩ. Set the value depending on the system requirements.
<b>Baudrate</b>	300 bps to 921600 bps	The baudrate value can be also self-defined as long as it is between 300 bps to 921600 bps.
<b>Parity</b>	<b>None, Odd, Even, Mark, Space</b>	
<b>Data Bits</b>	<b>5, 6, 7, 8</b>	
<b>Stop Bits</b>	<b>1, 2</b>	

Parameter	Value	Description
<b>FIFO</b>	<b>Enable, Disable</b>	The internal buffer of UART. Disabling FIFO can reduce the latency time when receiving data from serial communications, but this will also slow down the throughput.

#### RTS Toggle

The RTS Toggle function is available only in the **RS-232** mode. This flow-control mechanism is achieved by toggling the RTS pin in the transmission direction through a software setting. Data is transmitted after the RTS pin is toggled ON for the specified time interval. After the data transmission is finished, the RTS pin will toggle OFF for the specified time interval automatically.

Flow Control	RTS on delay	RTS off delay
RTS toggle	0	0

Parameter	Value	Description
<b>Flow Control</b> (only for RS-232 mode)	<b>None, RTS/CTS, RTS Toggle</b>	The RTS Toggle will turn off the RTS signal when there is no data to be sent. If there is data to be sent, the RTS toggle will turn on the RTS signal before a data transmission and off on completion of the transmission.
<b>RTS on delay</b>	0 to 100 ms	Only available for the RS-232 mode to implement the RTS Toggle function.
<b>RTS off delay</b>	0 to 100 ms	Only available for the RS-232 mode to implement the RTS Toggle function.

## System Settings—SNMP Settings

### System Settings—SNMP Settings—SNMP Agent

**SNMP Agent**

Home > SNMP Agent

General    SNMPv3 Account    SNMPv3 Account Protection

Status  
 Enable     Disabled  
 Note: enable/disable this service through Service Enablement

Version  
 v1 v2c v3

Contact

Location

Read Only Community

Read/Write Community

**SAVE**

Parameters	Description
<b>Version</b>	The SNMP version; the MGate supports SNMP V1, V2c, and V3.
<b>Contact</b>	The optional contact information usually includes an emergency contact name and telephone number.
<b>Location</b>	The location information. This string is usually set to the street address where the MGate is physically located.

Parameters	Description
<b>Read Only Community</b>	A text password mechanism that is used to weakly authenticate queries to agents of managed network devices.
<b>Read/Write Community</b>	A text password mechanism that is used to weakly authenticate changes to agents of managed network devices.
<b>Minimum Authentication/Privacy Password Length</b>	Minimum Authentication/Privacy Password Length must be between 8 and 64.

## Read-only and Read/write Access Control

You can define usernames, passwords, and authentication parameters in SNMP for two levels of access control: read-only and read/write. The access level is indicated in the value of the Authority field. For example, Read-only authentication mode allows you to configure the authentication mode for read-only access, whereas Read/Write authentication mode allows you to configure the authentication mode for read/write access. For each level of access, you may configure the following:

SNMP Agent

Home > SNMP Agent

General    **SNMPv3 Account**    SNMPv3 Account Protection

+ CREATE  
maximum number of account is 2

Account Name	Authority	Authentication Type	Privacy Type
center	Read/Write	SHA1	Disable

### Create SNMPv3 Account

Account Name

---

Authority

Read Only

Authentication Type

Disable

CANCEL    **SAVE**

Parameters	Value	Description
<b>Account Name</b>		The username for which the access level is being defined.
<b>Authority</b>	<b>Read Only</b> <b>Read/Write</b>	The level of access allowed
<b>Authentication Type</b>	<b>Disable (Default)</b> <b>MD5</b> <b>SHA1</b> <b>SHA-224</b> <b>SHA-256</b> <b>SHA-384</b> <b>SHA-512</b>	Use this field to select MD5 or SHA as the method of password encryption for the specified level of access, or to disable authentication.
<b>Privacy Type</b>	<b>Disable (Default)</b> <b>DES-CBC</b> <b>AES-128</b>	Use this field to enable or disable data encryption for the specified level of access. If you enable a privacy type, please also configure the privacy password.

If you need to change the SNMP Account settings created previously, click on the button on the right of the configured SNMP item to change settings, such as Authentication Type, or Privacy Type.

Create SNMPv3 Account

Account Name

Authority  
Read/Write

Authentication Type  
SHA-512

Authentication Password

Privacy Type  
AES-128

Privacy Password

CANCEL **SAVE**

Home > SNMP Agent

## SNMP Agent

General **SNMPv3 Account** SNMPv3 Account Protection

Disable SNMPv3 account if authentication failed

Max. Authentication Failures  
5

Enable timeout for authentication failure

Each Authentication Failure Timeout (min)  
10

Account Disabled Time Interval (min)  
10

**SAVE**

Parameters	Value	Description
<b>Max Authentication Failures</b>	1 to 10 (default 5)	Specifies the maximum number for authentication failures. If this number is exceeded, the MGate will disable SNMPv3.
<b>Each Authentication Failure Timeout (min.)</b>	1 to 1440 (default 10)	Specifies a timeout period when enabling the <b>Timeout for authentication failure</b> function

Parameters	Value	Description
<b>Account Disabled Time Interval (min)</b>	1 to 60 (default 10)	When the number of authentication failures exceeds the value set in <b>Max Authentication Failure Times</b> , the MGate will disable the SNMPv3 for Account Disabled Time Interval.

## System Settings—SNMP Settings—SNMP Trap



SNMP Trap

Home > SNMP Trap

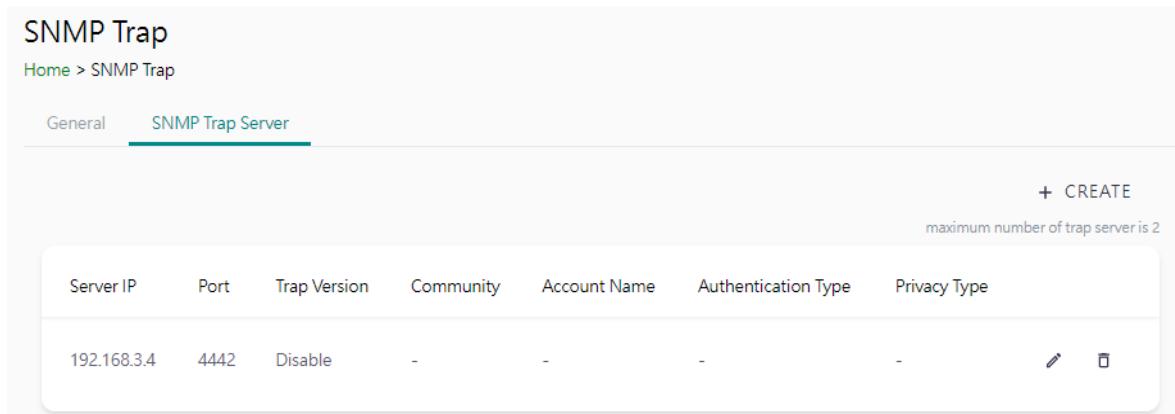
General    SNMP Trap Server

Trap Service

Active  Inactive

**SAVE**

Set up the SNMP trap server to send the trap events, such as warning messages.



SNMP Trap

Home > SNMP Trap

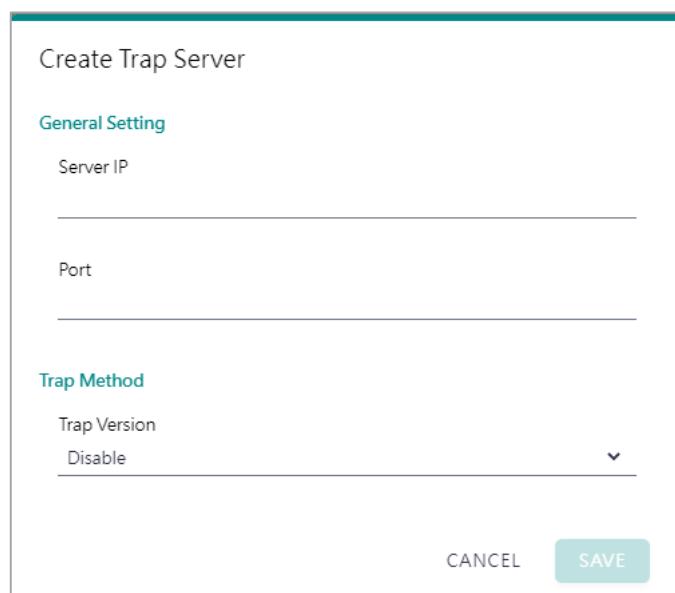
General    **SNMP Trap Server**

+ CREATE

maximum number of trap server is 2

Server IP	Port	Trap Version	Community	Account Name	Authentication Type	Privacy Type
192.168.3.4	4442	Disable	-	-	-	-

Configure the SNMP trap server by inputting the server's IP or domain name.



Create Trap Server

General Setting

Server IP

Port

Trap Method

Trap Version

Disable

**CANCEL**    **SAVE**

Parameters	Description
<b>Server IP</b>	SNMP server IP address or domain name.
<b>Port</b>	SNMP server IP Port.

Parameters	Description
<b>Trap Version</b>	<b>Disable</b> <b>SNMPv1</b> <b>SNMPv2c</b> <b>SNMPv3</b>

# Protocol Settings

## Protocol Settings—Modbus Client Settings

You can manage Modbus devices and their Modbus command tables on this page.

Modbus Master

Home > Modbus Master

Protocol Name

 Modbus Master MANAGE ▾

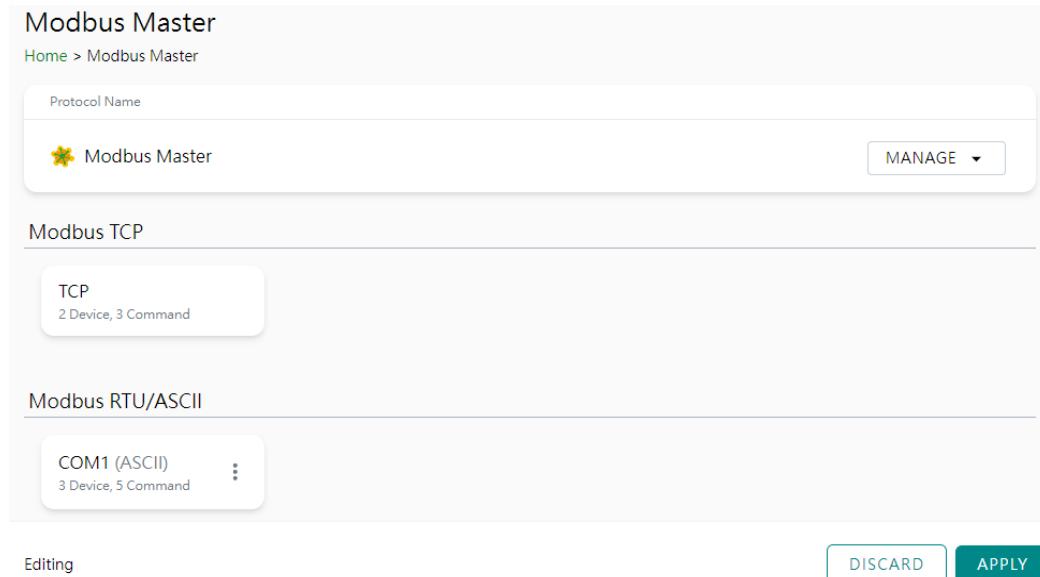
Modbus TCP

TCP  
2 Device, 3 Command

Modbus RTU/ASCII

COM1 (ASCII)  
3 Device, 5 Command ⋮

Editing DISCARD APPLY

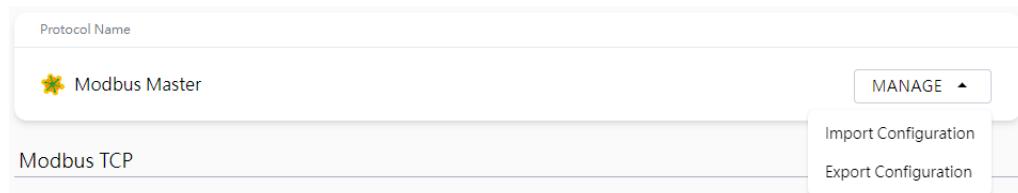


The MGate supports csv file import/export for Modbus settings; it is easy to use when you back up the settings or during installation stage.

Protocol Name

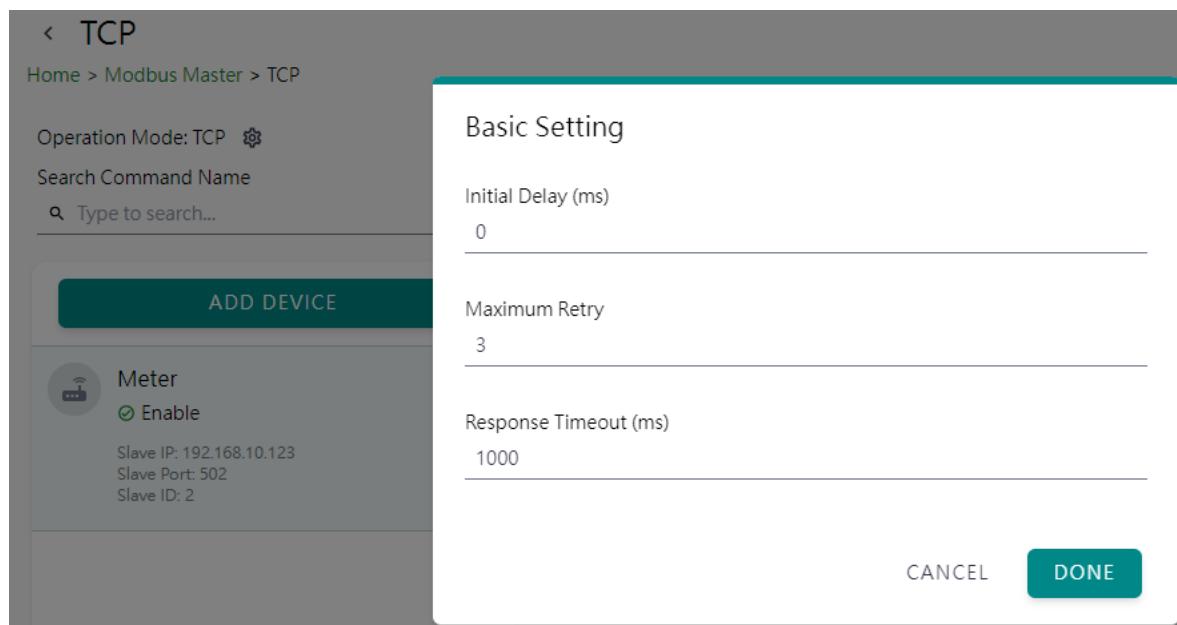
 Modbus Master MANAGE ▾

Modbus TCP Import Configuration Export Configuration



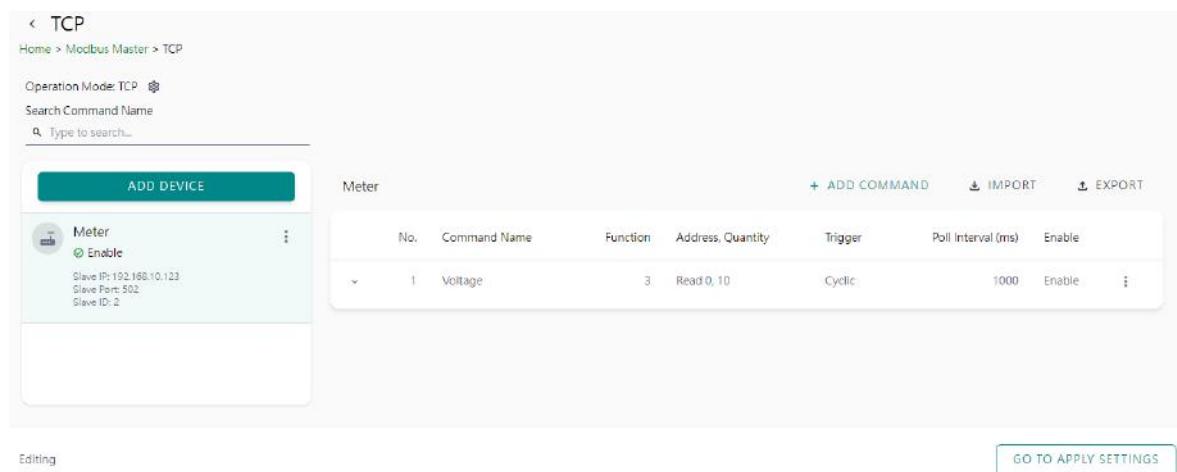
Click TCP or the serial port column to set up the Modbus device.

Configure the basic setting for Modbus TCP by clicking the icon next to the Operation Mode: TCP.



Parameter	Value	Default	Description
<b>Initial delay</b>	0 to 30000 ms	0	Some Modbus slaves may take more time to boot up than other devices. In some environments, this may cause the entire system to experience repeated exceptions during the initial boot-up. After booting up, you can force the MGATE to wait before sending the first request with the Initial Delay setting.
<b>Maximum Retry</b>	0 to 5	3	This is used to configure how many times the MGATE will try to communicate with the Modbus slave when the Modbus command times out.
<b>Response Timeout</b>	10 to 120000 ms	1000	Based on the Modbus standard, the device manufacturer defines the time a slave device takes to respond to a request. A Modbus master can be configured to wait a certain amount of time for a slave's response. If no response is received within the specified time, the master will disregard the request and continue operation. This allows the Modbus system to continue the operation even if a slave device is disconnected or faulty. On the MGATE, the Response timeout field is used to configure how long the gateway will wait for a response from a Modbus slave. Refer to your device manufacturer's documentation to manually set the response timeout.

Add the Modbus device by clicking the **ADD DEVICE** button.

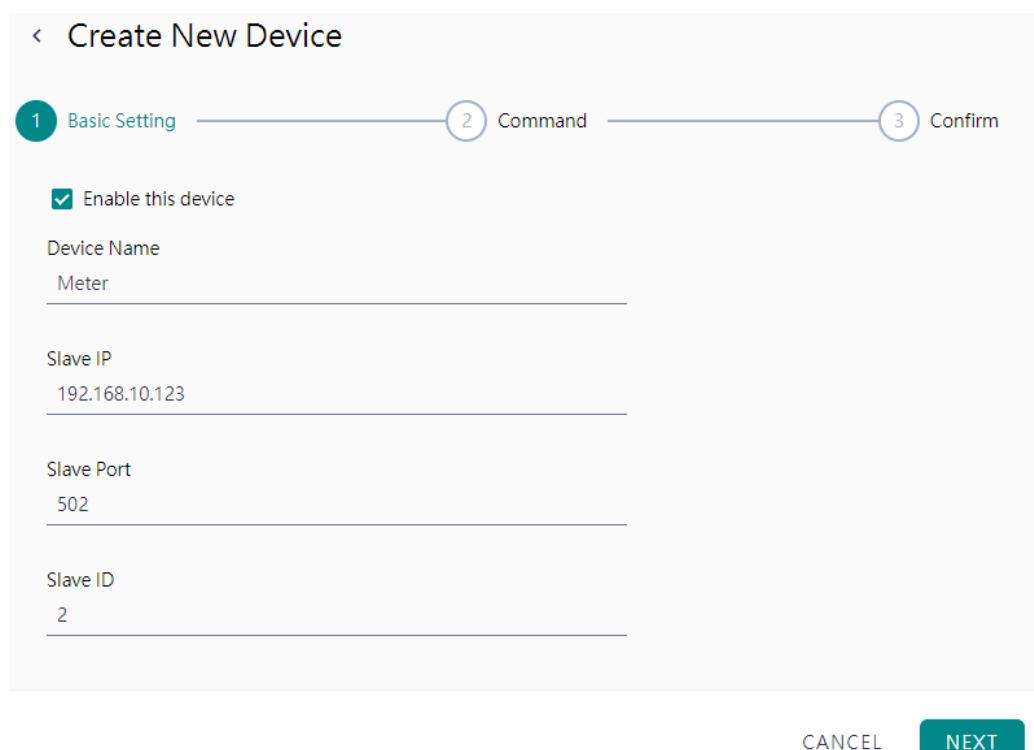


The screenshot shows a web-based configuration interface for a Modbus device. At the top, there is a breadcrumb navigation: Home > Modbus Master > TCP. Below this, there is a search bar labeled 'Search Command Name' with a placeholder 'Type to search...'. On the left, a sidebar titled 'ADD DEVICE' contains a 'Meter' entry with the following details: Slave IP: 192.168.10.123, Slave Port: 502, Slave ID: 2. The main area is titled 'Meter' and contains a table with the following data:

No.	Command Name	Function	Address, Quantity	Trigger	Poll Interval (ms)	Enable
1	Voltage	3	Read 0, 10	Cyclic	1000	Enable

At the bottom right of the main area, there is a 'GO TO APPLY SETTINGS' button.

## Step 1: Add Modbus device information



The screenshot shows the first step of a three-step process for creating a new device. The steps are: 1. Basic Setting (highlighted in green), 2. Command, and 3. Confirm. The 'Basic Setting' step contains the following fields:

- Enable this device
- Device Name: Meter
- Slave IP: 192.168.10.123
- Slave Port: 502
- Slave ID: 2

At the bottom right of the form, there are 'CANCEL' and 'NEXT' buttons.

Parameter	Value	Default	Description
<b>Device Name</b>	Alphanumeric string		Max. 32 characters.
<b>Slave IP</b>	0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255	0.0.0.0	The IP address of a remote slave device.
<b>Slave Port</b>	1 to 65535	502	The TCP port number of a remote slave device.
<b>Slave ID</b>	1 to 255	1	The Modbus slave ID.

## Step 2: Add Modbus commands

Edit Command

Enable this command

Basic

Command Name  
Voltage

Function  
23 - Read/Write Multiple Registers

Read/Write Multiple Registers

Read Starting Address	Read Quantity
0	10

Write Starting Address	Write Quantity
0	1

Trigger  
Data Change

Endian Swap  
None

Fault Protection  
Keep latest data

Tag

Tag Type  
raw

CANCEL      **DONE**

Parameter	Value	Default	Description
<b>Command Name</b>	Alphanumeric string		Max. 32 characters.
<b>Function</b>	<b>1 - Read Coils</b> <b>2 - Read Discrete Inputs</b> <b>3 - Read Holding Registers</b> <b>4 - Read Inputs Registers</b> <b>5 - Write Single Coil</b> <b>6 - Write Single Register</b> <b>15 - Write Multiple Coils</b> <b>16 - Write Multiple Registers</b> <b>23 - Read/Write Multiple Registers</b>		When a message is sent from a client to a server device, the function code field tells the server what kind of action to perform.
<b>Trigger</b>	<b>Cyclic</b> <b>Data Change</b> <b>Disable</b>		Disable: The command was never sent Cyclic: The command is sent cyclically at the interval specified in the Poll Interval parameter. Data change: The data area is polled for changes at the time interval defined by Poll Interval. A command is issued when a change in data is detected.
<b>Poll Interval</b> (This will show up when you select trigger mode 'cyclic'.)	100 to 1200000 ms	1000	Polling intervals are in milliseconds. Since the module sends all requests in turns, the actual polling interval also depends on the number of requests in the queue and their parameters. The range is from 100 to 1,200,000 ms.

Parameter	Value	Default	Description
<b>Endian Swap</b>	<b>None</b> <b>Byte</b> <b>Word</b> <b>Byte and Word</b>	None	Data Byte Swapping None: Don't need to swap Byte: 0x0A, 0x0B, 0x0C, 0x0D becomes 0x0B, 0x0A, 0x0D, 0x0C Word: 0x0A, 0x0B, 0x0C, 0x0D becomes 0x0C, 0x0D, 0x0A, 0x0B. Byte and Word: 0x0A, 0x0B, 0x0C, 0x0D becomes 0x0D, 0x0C, 0x0B, 0x0A.
<b>Read Starting Address</b>	0 to 65535	0	Modbus register address.
<b>Read Quantity</b>	Read Coils: 1 to 2000 Read Discrete Inputs: 1 to 2000 Read Inputs Registers: 1 to 125 Read Holding Registers: 1 to 125 Read/Write Multiple Registers: 1 to 125	10	Specifying how many items to read.
<b>Write Starting Address</b>	0 to 65535	0	Modbus register address.
<b>Write Quantity</b>	Write Multiple Coils: 1 to 1968 Write Multiple Registers: 1 to 123 Read/Write Multiple Registers: 1 to 123	1	Specifying how many items to write into.
<b>Fault Protection</b>	Keep latest data Clear all data bits to 0 Set to user defined value		If the MGATE's connection to the other side (server/slave) fails, the gateway cannot receive data, but the gateway will continuously send output data to the Modbus TCP server device. To avoid problems in this case, the MGATE can be configured to react in one of the following three ways: Keep the latest data, clear data to zero, set the data bits to user-defined values.
<b>User-defined Value</b> (This will show up when you select Fault Protection mode as 'Set to user defined value'.)	00 to FF (Hex)	00 00	The user-defined values to write into the data bits when the Set to user defined value option is selected.
<b>Fault Timeout</b> (This will show up when you select Fault Protection mode as 'Set to user defined value'.)	1 to 86400 ms	3600	Defines the communication timeout for the opposite side.
<b>Tag Type</b>	<b>raw, boolean, int16, int32, int64, uint16, uint32, uint64, float, double, string</b>	raw	Specifying the tag data type. The default is raw for fast multiple data mapping. For other data types, you could also scale the resource data. There are two types: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Slope-intercept: tag value = (source value * slope) + offset</li><li>• Point-slope: tag value = target min + (source value - source min) * <math display="block">\frac{\text{target max.} - \text{target min.}}{\text{source max.} - \text{source min.}}</math></li></ul>

### Step 3: Quick review result, click DONE to finish

< Create New Device

✓ Basic Setting    ✓ Command    3 Confirm

Confirm your device settings, and click "DONE" to save your changes. After the device was created, you can edit your device settings any time.

Device Name: Meter  
Slave ID: 2  
Slave IP: 192.168.10.123  
Slave Port: 502  
Status: Enable  
Number of Commands: 1

< BACK    CANCEL    DONE

It is convenient if you already backed up a frequently used meter profile, just import or export one Modbus device CSV file.

< TCP  
Home > Modbus Master > TCP

Operation Mode: TCP

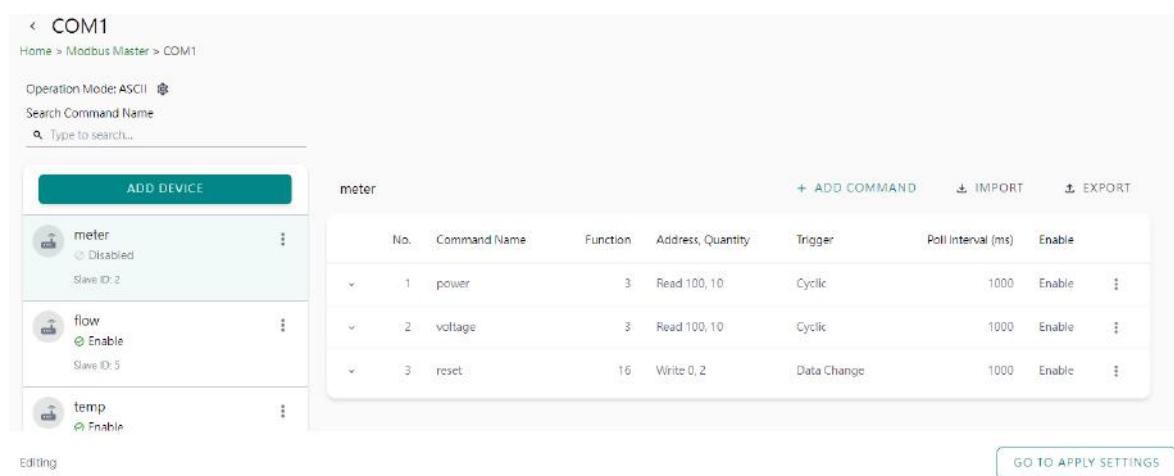
Search Command Name  
Type to search...

**ADD DEVICE**

Meter						
No.	Command Name	Function	Address, Quantity	Trigger	Poll Interval (ms)	Enable
1	Voltage	3	Read 0, 10	Cyclic	1000	Enable

Editing    GO TO APPLY SETTINGS

Follow the same steps for Modbus RTU/ASCII devices in serial port.



Modbus Master

Home > Modbus Master > COM1

Operation Mode: ASCII

Search Command Name

Type to search...

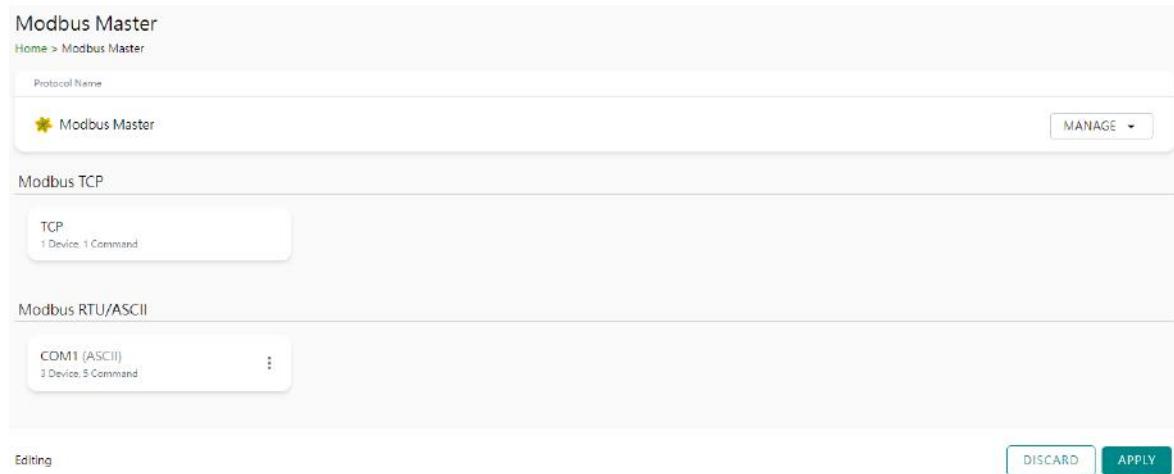
ADD DEVICE

meter		+ ADD COMMAND	IMPORT	EXPORT		
No.	Command Name	Function	Address, Quantity	Trigger	Poll Interval (ms)	Enable
1	power	3	Read 100, 10	Cyclic	1000	Enable
2	voltage	3	Read 100, 10	Cyclic	1000	Enable
3	reset	16	Write 0, 2	Data Change	1000	Enable

Editing

GO TO APPLY SETTINGS

After configuring all Modbus TCP or Modbus RTU/ASCII settings, please remember to click **GO TO APPLY SETTING** and press the **APPLY** button at the bottom right-hand side corner.



Modbus Master

Home > Modbus Master

Protocol Name

Modbus Master

MANAGE

Modbus TCP

TCP

1 Device, 1 Command

Modbus RTU/ASCII

COM1 (ASCII)

3 Device, 5 Command

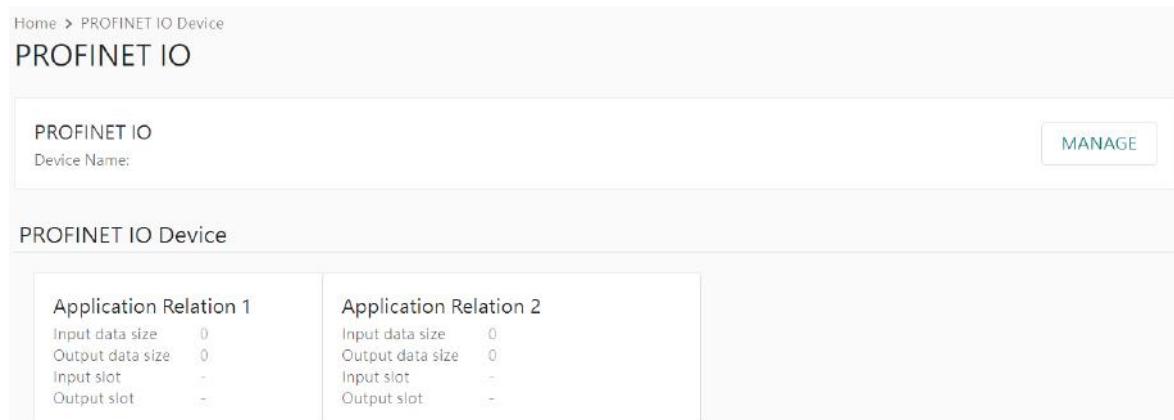
Editing

DISCARD

APPLY

## Protocol Settings—PROFINET IO Device Settings

You can configure the PROFINET IO Device setting on this page. The MGate 5134 supports two Application Relations (Ars) for two PLCs to access the same data via a shared device feature.



Home > PROFINET IO Device

PROFINET IO

PROFINET IO

Device Name:

MANAGE

PROFINET IO Device

Application Relation 1	Application Relation 2
Input data size 0	Input data size 0
Output data size 0	Output data size 0
Input slot -	Input slot -
Output slot -	Output slot -

DISCARD

APPLY

Click **MANAGE** to edit PROFINET Device Name and Sync Device IP.

Edit PROFINET IO Device Setting

Device Name

---

Sync Device IP

**CANCEL** **SAVE**

Parameter	Value	Description
<b>Device Name</b>	<alphanumeric string>	Enter the PROFINET server name (if you type the name incorrectly, the connection will fail).
<b>Sync Device IP</b>	Enable/Disable	Default is enabled. Profinet IP will become the same IP as MGate.

Click on the **Application Relation** button to add tag data.

Home > PROFINET IO Device > Application Relation 1

Application Relation 1

Input data size 24  
Output data size 0

I/O Mapping

+ ADD SLOT

Slot Number	Slot Name	Type	Data Size(bytes)
1	voltage	Input	24
	Tag name: modbus_tcp_client/d1/c1	Data type: raw	Byte index: 0 - 19 Quantity (bytes): 20
	Tag name: modbus_tcp_client/d1/status	Data type: int32	Byte index: 20 - 23 Quantity (bytes): 4

Edit GO TO APPLY SETTINGS **SAVE**

Click **ADD SLOT** in the I/O Mapping to add tag data to PROFINET slots.

### Add Slot

Slot Number  
1

Type  
Input

Slot Name  
voltage

Select Tags

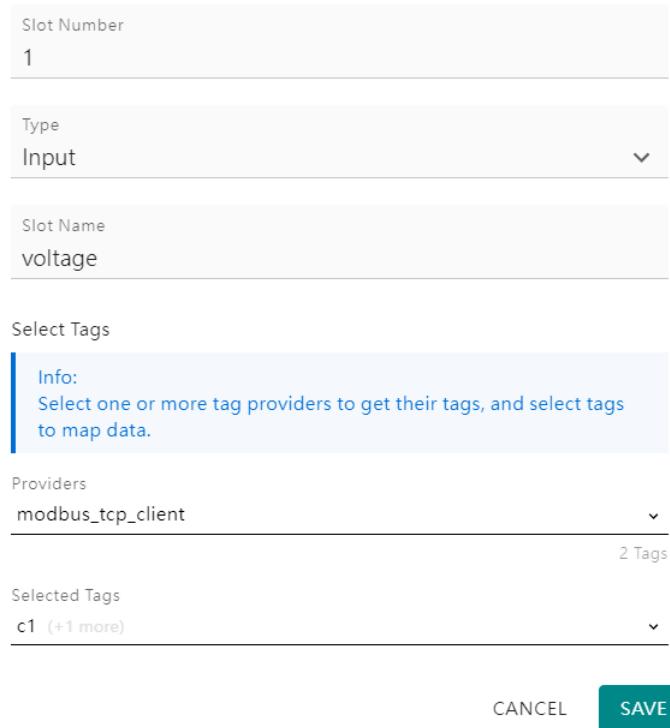
Info:  
Select one or more tag providers to get their tags, and select tags to map data.

Providers  
modbus\_tcp\_client

2 Tags

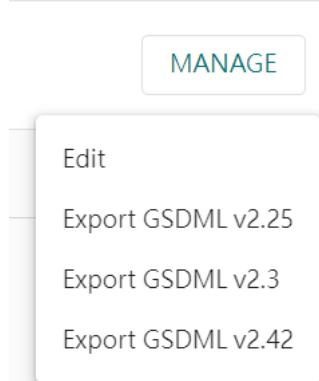
Selected Tags  
c1 (+1 more)

CANCEL **SAVE**



Parameter	Value	Description
<b>Slot number</b>	1 to 128	Slot number in PROFINET IO Controller program develops environment setting
<b>Type</b>	Input Output	Input or output type to PROFINET IO Controller
<b>Slot Name</b>	<alphanumeric string>	Set the name for slot
<b>Providers</b>		Select what tag data you would like to map to PROFINET

On completing the PROFINET mappings, click MANAGER to export the GSDML files. A GSDML file is used for easy configuration when setting the PROFINET IO controller system. Typically, users waste a lot of time on importing the MGate 5134 general GSDML files and setting the IO modules, respectively. If we import the specified GSDML, which is based on Modbus settings, we just need to pull the module to the PROFINET system. Then, the IO modules will be set, and you can run the communication.



# Diagnostics

## Diagnostics—Protocol Diagnostics

### Diagnostics—Protocol Diagnostics—Modbus RTU/ASCII Diagnostic

The MGate provides status information for Modbus RTU/ASCII/TCP, EtherNet/IP troubleshooting. Verify data or packet counters to make sure the communications are running smoothly.

Modbus RTU/ASCII Diagnostics		
Home > Modbus RTU/ASCII Diagnostics		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Auto refresh		
Modbus		
Role	Master	
Sent requests	519613	
Received valid responses	0	
Received invalid responses	0	
Received CRC/LRC errors	0	
Received exceptions	0	
Timeout	519612	
Serial port		
# 0	Port number	0
	Break	0
	Frame error	0
	Parity Error	0
	Overrun Error	0
	Mode	ASCII
	Sent requests	519613
	Received valid responses	0
	Received invalid responses	0
	Received CRC/LRC errors	0
	Received exceptions	0
	Timeout	519612

## Diagnostics—Protocol Diagnostics-Modbus TCP Diagnostics

### Modbus TCP Diagnostic

Home > Modbus TCP Diagnostics

Auto refresh

#### Modbus

Mode	Master
Number of connections	0
Sent requests	0
Received valid response	0
Received invalid response	0
Received exceptions	0
Timeout	0

#### Connections

No data

## Diagnostics—Protocol Diagnostics- PROFINET Diagnostics

Home > PROFINET Diagnostics

### PROFINET Diagnostics

Auto refresh

[Application Relation 1](#) [Application Relation 2](#)

#### IO Controller Status

MAC Address -  
Operator Mode -

#### Parameters

Update Time (ms) -  
Device Name -

#### I/O Slots

Slot Number	Slot Name	Type	Data Size (bytes)	Data (hex byte)	Status
No Data					

# Diagnostics—Protocol Traffic

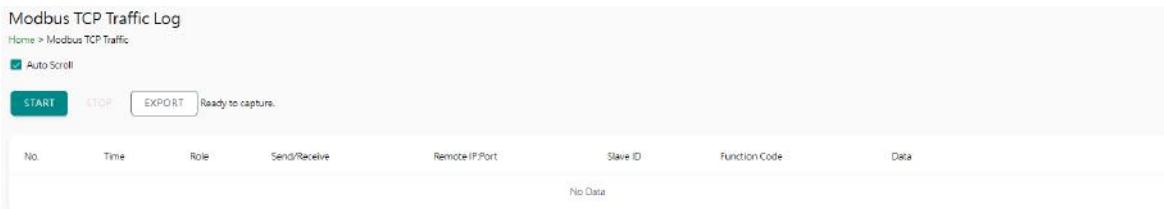
## Diagnostics—Protocol Traffic-Modbus RTU/ASCII Traffic

To troubleshoot efficiently, the MGate provides a traffic monitoring function that can capture communication traffic for all protocols. These logs present the data in an intelligent, easy-to-understand format with clearly designated fields, including source, destination, function code, and data. Save the complete log in a file by clicking EXPORT csv file.



No.	Time	Role	Send/Receive	Port	Data type	Slave ID	Function Code	Data
1	2022-07-04T18:54:23.263+08:00	Master	Resend	1	ASCII	23	3	3A 31 37 30 33 30 30 33 37 30 30 30 41 41 35 00 0A
2	2022-07-04T18:54:24.268+08:00	Master	Request	1	ASCII	23	3	3A 31 37 30 33 30 30 33 37 30 30 30 41 41 35 00 0A

## Diagnostics—Protocol Traffic-Modbus TCP Traffic

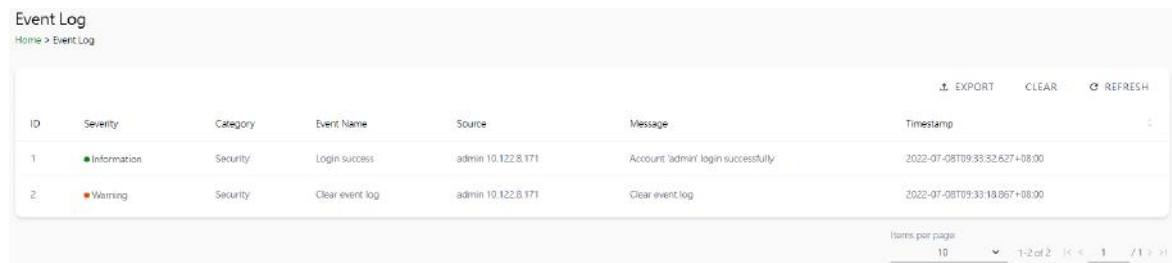


No.	Time	Role	Send/Receive	Remote IP/Port	Slave ID	Function Code	Data
No Data							

# Diagnostics—Event Log

## Diagnostics—Event Log-Log View

You can review and export all event information in the event log.



ID	Severity	Category	Event Name	Source	Message	Timestamp
1	Information	Security	Login success	admin 10.122.8.171	Account 'admin' login successfully	2022-07-08T09:33:32.627+08:00
2	Warning	Security	Clear event log	admin 10.122.8.171	Clear event log	2022-07-08T09:33:18.067+08:00

Items per page: 10 | 1-2 of 2 | < < | 1 | > > |

## Diagnostics—Event Log-Policy Settings

The event policy settings enable the MGATE to record important events, which can be recorded in the Remote Log to Syslog server and Local Log, which will be stored with up to 10,000 events in the MGATE.

The MGATE can also send email alerts, SNMP Trap messages, or open/close the circuit of the relay output when a selected event was triggered.

You can filter events for easy reading or expand by clicking the category, such as System. Tick or untick the events if you want to log it and select which channels you want to use by clicking the channel name. After changing the settings, please remember to SAVE it.

Event Policy Setting

Home > Event Policy Setting

Channels

You need to edit the notification setting first. Click edit button to apply any change.

Local Log	Remote Log	SNMP Trap	Email
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Configured			

Events

Select the events and customized notify channels.

SEVERITY CHANNELS

System

Event	Severity	Information	Local log	Remote log	SNMP trap	Email
System start	Information	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
User trigger reboot	Warning	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Power input failure	Alert	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
NTP update fail	Warning	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Network

Security

Maintenance

DISCARD SAVE

Event Group	Description
<b>System</b>	Start system, User trigger reboot, Power input failure, NTP update failure
<b>Network</b>	IP conflict, DHCP get IP/renew, IP changed, Ethernet link down
<b>Security</b>	Clear event log, Login success, Login failure, Account/group changed, Password reached lifetime, SSL certificate import, Syslog certificate import
<b>Maintenance</b>	Firmware upgrade success, Firmware upgrade failure, Configuration import success, Configuration import failure, Configuration export, Configuration changed, Load factory default
<b>Modbus</b>	Server connected, Server disconnected, Command recovered, Command fail
<b>PROFINET</b>	I/O Device is connected, I/O Device is disconnected, I/O Controller is running, I/O Controller has stopped

## Local Log Settings

Local Log Setting

Event Log Overwrite Policy

Overwrite the Oldest Event Log

Stop Recording Event Log

Log Capacity Warning

Capacity Threshold (%)

80

Warning By

SNMP Trap  Email

CANCEL SAVE

Local Log Settings	Description
<b>Event Log Overwrite Policy</b>	Overwrites the oldest event log Stops recording event log
<b>Capacity Threshold (%)</b>	When the log amount exceeds the warning
<b>Warning By</b>	SNMP Trap Email

## Remote Log Settings

Remote Log Setting

Syslog Server 1

Enable

TLS Authentication

Enable

IP Address	Port
_____	514

Syslog Server 2

Enable

TLS Authentication

Enable

IP Address	Port
_____	514

**CANCEL** **SAVE**

TLS Authentication

Common Name	Start Time	Expiration Time
No data to display.		

Client Certificate

No file chosen

Client Key

No file chosen

CA Certificate

No file chosen

Remote Log Settings	Description
Syslog Server IP	IP address of a server that will record the log data
Syslog Server port	514
<b>TLS Authentication</b>	Enable TLS authentication. Notice TLS files must be uploaded for a successful connection.

## SNMP Trap Settings

SNMP Trap Server

Trap Service

Active  Inactive

For advanced settings, please go to [SNMP Trap Server](#) page

[CANCEL](#) [SAVE](#)

## Email Settings

Email Setting

SMTP Service

Active

Primary Server

Mail Server (SMTP)	Port
10.123.7.18	25

Security Connection

None

Require Authentication

Username

Password

From (Email address)

test@moxa.com

To (Email address, separated by semicolon)

user@moxa.com

[CANCEL](#) [SAVE](#)

Parameters	Description
<b>Mail Server (SMTP)</b>	The mail server's domain name or IP address.
<b>Port</b>	The mail server's IP port.
<b>Security Connection</b>	TLS STARTTLS STARTTLS-None None

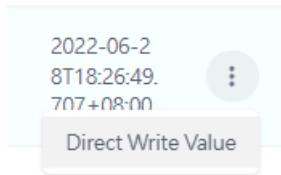
Parameters	Description
<b>Username</b>	This field is for your mail server's username, if required.
<b>Password</b>	This field is for your mail server's password, if required.
<b>From (Email address)</b>	Email address from which automatic email warnings will be sent.
<b>To (Email address, separated by semicolon)</b>	Email addresses to which automatic email warnings will be sent.

## Diagnostics—Tag View

This page displays the tag live value generated by field devices and updates the values periodically. It is an easy and useful tool if you want to check whether the MGate receives the correct data from field devices. The gateway timestamp shows the time data was updated to the tag.

Provider	Source	Name	Type	Value
modbus_serial_master	flow	status	int32	0
modbus_serial_master	temp	cur	raw	000
modbus_serial_master	temp	set	raw	0000
modbus_serial_master	temp	status	int32	-2147483648

You can write a value to the Modbus via Direct Write Value to test the communication with Modbus device.



## Diagnostics—Network Connections

You can see network-related information, including protocol, address, and state.

Network Connections					
Home > Network Connections					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Auto refresh					
Protocol	Recv-Q	Send-Q	Local Address	Foreign Address	State
TCP	0	0	*:80	*:0	LISTEN
TCP	0	0	*:44818	*:0	LISTEN
TCP	0	0	*:22	*:0	LISTEN
TCP	0	0	*:443	*:0	LISTEN
TCP	34	0	10.123.4.44:35032	10.123.7.18:25	CLOSE_WAIT
TCP	0	0	10.123.4.44:443	10.122.8.171:53876	TIME_WAIT
TCP	0	255	10.123.4.44:443	10.122.8.171:53880	ESTABLISHED

## Diagnostics—Ping

This network testing function is available only in the web console. The MGate gateway will send an ICMP packet through the network to a specified host, and the result can be viewed on the web console immediately.

Ping

Home > Ping

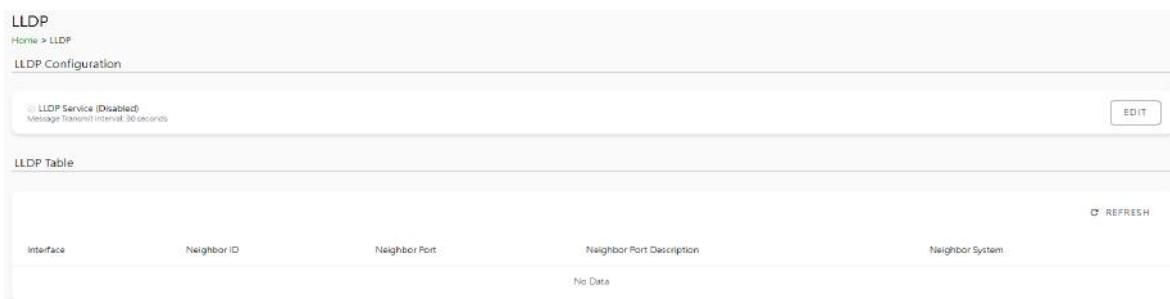
Ping Destination

192.168.127.2

**ACTIVATE**

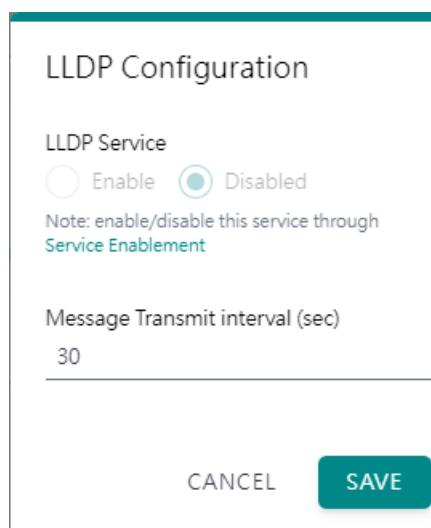
## Diagnostics—LLDP

You can see LLDP related information, including Port, Neighbor ID, Neighbor Port, Neighbor Port Description, and Neighbor System. Also, you can adjust the transmit interval for LLDP by clicking the **EDIT** button.



The screenshot shows the 'LLDP Configuration' page. At the top, it displays the status of the LLDP service as 'LLDP Service (Disabled)' with a message transmit interval of 30 seconds. An 'EDIT' button is located in the top right corner. Below this is a table titled 'LLDP Table' with columns: Interface, Neighbor ID, Neighbor Port, Neighbor Port Description, and Neighbor System. The table shows 'No Data'.

After clicking EDIT, if you need to enable or disable LLDP service, click on the "Service" hyperlink or navigate to Security > Service page to enable/disable it.

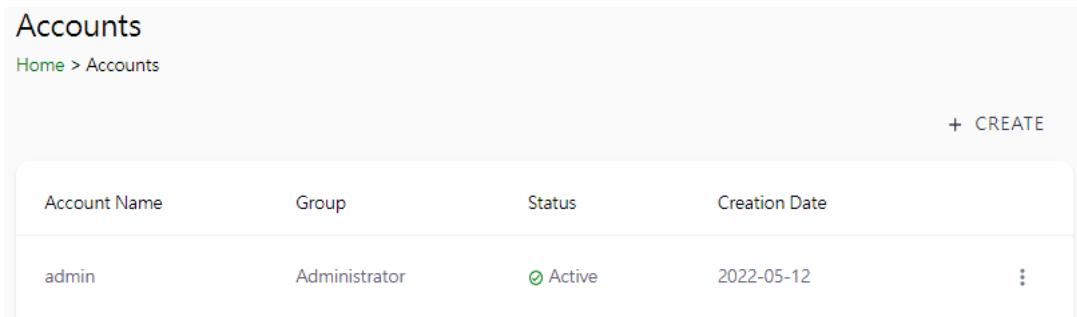


The screenshot shows the 'LLDP Configuration' edit dialog. It has two main sections: 'LLDP Service' and 'Message Transmit interval (sec)'. In the 'LLDP Service' section, the 'Disabled' radio button is selected. A note below says 'Note: enable/disable this service through Service Enablement'. In the 'Message Transmit interval (sec)' section, the value '30' is entered. At the bottom are 'CANCEL' and 'SAVE' buttons.

## Security

### Security—Account Management

#### Security—Account Management—Accounts



The screenshot shows the 'Accounts' page. It has a header with 'Accounts' and a 'Home > Accounts' link, and a 'CREATE' button. Below is a table with columns: Account Name, Group, Status, and Creation Date. One account entry is shown: 'admin' (Group: Administrator, Status: Active, Creation Date: 2022-05-12). A three-dot menu icon is at the end of the row.

Only Administrator group can create or edit accounts for user management. Click **CREATE** to add new accounts. Click the dot icon to edit the account.

Create New Account

Account Name

Group

Administrator

New Password

Confirm New Password

CANCEL      **SAVE**

Parameters	Value	Description
<b>Group</b>	Administrator, Operator, Guest	Users can change the password for different accounts. The MGate provides three build-in account groups, administrator, operator and guest. Administrator account can access all settings. Operator accounts can access most settings, except security categories. Guest account can only view the overview page. You can create your own group for account management.

## Security—Account Management—Groups

Groups

Home > Groups

+ CREATE

Group	Description	Accounts	Actions
Administrator (built-in)	This group is designed for the supervisor of the device. The accounts of this group will have full privileges. This is a built-in group and cannot be modified or deleted.	8 accounts	⋮
Operator (built-in)	This group is designed for the maintainer of the device. The accounts of this group can modify and monitor most of the settings and troubleshooting functions.	0 accounts	⋮
Guest (built-in)	This group is designed for the guest/visitor of the device. The accounts of this group can only monitor the status of the device.	1 accounts	⋮

Three MGate build-in types of groups are shown; you can also create your own group by clicking **CREATE**.

Create New Group

Basic Information

Name

---

Description - optional

---

Access Permissions

System Configuration

Read write

---

Protocol Setting

Read write

---

Diagnostic

Read write

---

Security

No display

---

Maintenance

Read write

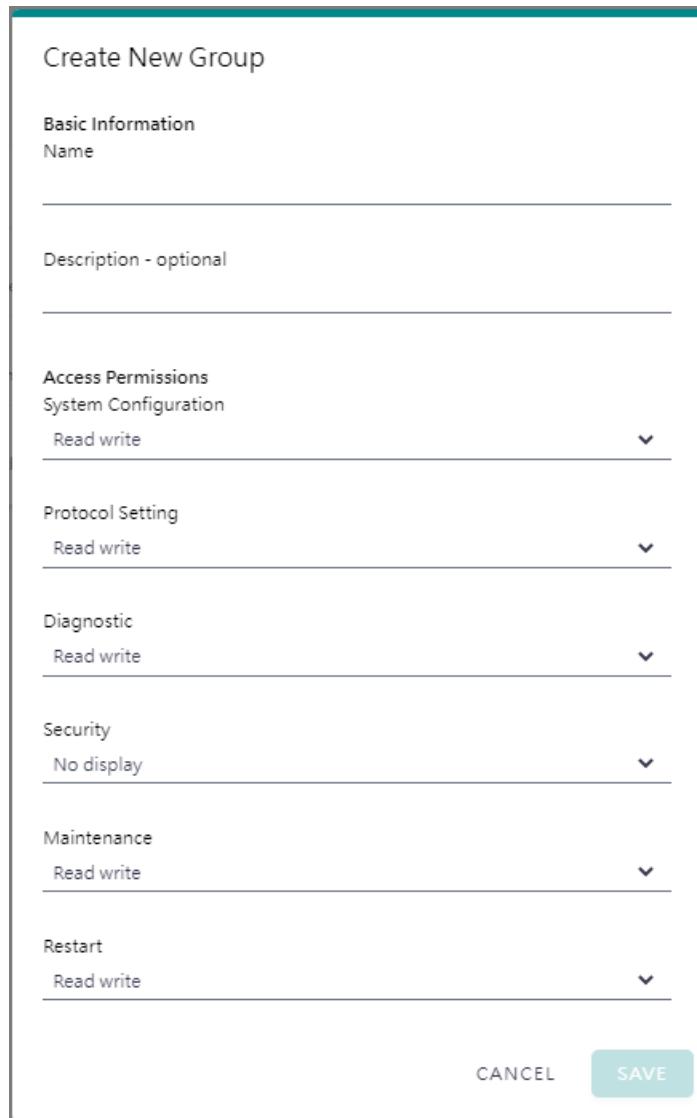
---

Restart

Read write

---

CANCEL      **SAVE**



Parameters	Value	Description
<b>Basic Information</b>		Includes Name and Description for the new Group.
<b>Access Permissions</b>	No display Read only Read write	Corresponding to the configuration menu on the left-hand side of the web console, you can select different permissions for a new group. Displays will not show the page on the right-hand side menu.

## Security—Account Management—Password Policy

### Password Policy

Home > Password Policy

#### Password Strength Setting

##### Password Minimum Length

8

##### Password Complexity Strength Check

- Select all password strength requirements
- At least one digit (0-9)
- Mixed upper and lower case letters (A-Z, a-z)
- At least one special character (~! @#\$%^&\*\_-+=`|\{};:"<>.,?/)

#### Password Lifetime Setting

The password lifetime determines how long the password is effective. If password has expired, a popup message and event will notify user to change the password for security reasons.

- Enable password lifetime check

##### Password Lifetime (day)

90

**SAVE**

Parameter	Value	Description
<b>Password Minimum Length</b>	8 to 128	The minimum password length
<b>Password Complexity Strength Check</b>		Select how the MGate checks the password's strength
<b>Password Lifetime Setting</b>	90 to 180 days	Set the password's lifetime period.

# Security—Service

## Service Enablement

Home > Service Enablement

Users can enable/disable the system service by toggling the buttons below.

### HTTP Service

The HTTP console will redirect to HTTPS when switch it on.



### HTTPs Service



### Ping Service



### SD Card



### Reset button disable after 60 sec

The reset button function will always enable when switch it off.



### SNMP Agent Service



### LLDP Service



Parameter	Value	Description
<b>HTTP Service</b>	Enable/Disable	To enhance security, all HTTP requests will redirect to HTTPS when the HTTP service is enabled. You can also disable the HTTP service.
<b>HTTPS Service</b>	Enable/Disable	Disabling this service will disable the web console and search utility connections, thus cutting off access to the configuration settings. To re-enable the HTTPS communication, reset to the factory default settings via the hardware Reset button.
<b>Ping Service</b>	Enable/Disable	Disabling this service will block ping requests from other devices.
<b>SD Card</b>	Enable/Disable	Disabling this service will deactivate the SD card function for backup and restore configuration files.
<b>SNMP Agent Service</b>	Enable/Disable	Enable or disable SNMP agent function.
<b>LLDP Service</b>	Enable/Disable	Enable or disable LLDP function.
<b>Reset button disable after 60 sec</b>	Always enable and disable after 60 sec.	The MGate provides a Reset button to load factory default settings. For enhanced security, users can disable this function. In the disabled mode, the MGate will still enable the Reset button for 60 seconds after bootup just in case you really need to reset the device.

## Security—Allow List

These settings are used to restrict access to the MGate by the IP address. Only IP addresses on the list will be allowed to access the device. Notice the restriction includes configuration and protocol conversion.

### Allow List

[Home](#) > Allow List

Activate the accessible IP list (All communications are NOT allowed for the IPs NOT on the list)

No.	Active	IP	Netmask
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	_____
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	_____
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	_____
4	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	_____
5	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	_____

# Security—DoS Defense

Users can select from several options to enable DoS Defense to fend off cybersecurity attacks. A denial-of-service (DoS) attack is an attempt to make a machine or a network resource unavailable. Users can select from the following options to counter DoS attacks.

**DoS Defense**

Home > DoS Defense

**Configuration**

Null Scan	<input type="checkbox"/>
NMAP-Xmax Scan	<input type="checkbox"/>
SYN/FIN Scan	<input type="checkbox"/>
FIN Scan	<input type="checkbox"/>
NMAP-ID Scan	<input type="checkbox"/>

**SYN-Flood**

Enable	<input type="checkbox"/>
Limit	4000 pkt/s

**ICMP-Death**

Enable	<input type="checkbox"/>
Limit	4000 pkt/s

**SAVE**

# Security—Login Policy

## Login Message

You can input a message for Login or for Login authentication failure messages.

**Login Policy**

Home > Login Policy

Login Message      Login Lockout      Login Session

Login Message - optional  
Hello

5 / 256

Login Authentication Failure Message  
The account or password you entered is incorrect.(Your account will be temporarily locked if excessive tried.)

110 / 256

**SAVE**

## Login Lockout

**Login Policy**

Home > Login Policy

Login Message      **Login Lockout**      Login Session

Enable Login Failure Lockout

Max Failure Retry Times  
5

Reset the Login Failure Counter  
This addition allows you to specify the maximum period of login failure counter.

Reset Period (min)  
10

Lockout Time (min)  
10

**SAVE**

Parameter	Value	Description
<b>Max Failure Retry Times</b>	1 to 10 (default 5)	You can specify the maximum number of failures retries, if exceed the retry times, MGate will lock out for that account login
<b>Reset Period (min)</b>	1 to 1440 (default 10)	You can specify the reset period time when enabling the "reset the login failure counter" function
<b>Lockout Time(min.)</b>	1 to 60 (default 10)	When the number of login failures exceeds the threshold, the MGate will lock out for a period.

## Login Session

### Login Policy

Home > Login Policy

Login Message    Login Lockout    **Login Session**

Maximum login user for HTTP+HTTPS  
5

Auto logout setting (min)  
1440

**SAVE**

Parameter	Value	Description
<b>Maximum login users for HTTP+HTTPS</b>	1 to 10 (default 5)	The number of users that can access the MGate at the same time.
<b>Auto logout setting (min.)</b>	1 to 1440 (default 1440)	Sets the auto logout period.

## Security—Certificate Management

Use this function to load the Ethernet SSL certificate. You can import or delete SSL certificate/key files. This function is only available for the web console.

### Certificate Management

Home > Certificate Management

Configuration

Issue to: 10.123.4.44  
Issue by: Moxa Inc.  
Valid: from 2022-6-2 to 2027-6-1

SSL

Select SSL Certificate    **IMPORT**

Delete SSL Certificate    **DELETE**

# Maintenance

## Maintenance—Configuration Import/Export

There are three main reasons for using the Import and Export functions:

- Applying the same configuration to multiple units. The Import/Export configuration function is a convenient way to apply the same settings to units in different sites. You can export the configuration as a file and then import the configuration file onto other units.
- Backing up configurations for system recovery. The export function allows you to export configuration files that can be imported onto other gateways to restore malfunctioning systems within minutes.

Troubleshooting. Exported configuration files help administrators to identify system problems that provide useful information for Moxa's Technical Service Team when maintenance visits are requested.

For cybersecurity reason, you can export configuration file with an authentication key, length from 8 to 16 characters. If the key to the imported configuration file differs from the key to the exported file, the import process will fail.

Config. Import/Export

Configuration      File Authentication

Export configuration      EXPORT

Import configuration       Update network settings  
Choose File      No file chosen

IMPORT

Configuration Import/Export

Home > Configuration Import/Export

Configuration      File Authentication

File authentication  
 Enable    Disabled

File authentication key

SAVE

## Maintenance—Firmware Upgrade

Firmware updates for the MGATE are available on the Moxa website. After you have downloaded the new firmware onto your PC, you can use the web console to write it onto your MGATE. Select the desired unit from the list in the web console and click **Submit** to begin the process.



### ATTENTION

DO NOT turn off the MGATE power before the firmware upgrade process is completed. The MGATE will erase the old firmware to make room for the new firmware to flash memory. If you power off the MGATE and end the progress, the flash memory will contain corrupted firmware, and the MGATE will fail to boot. If this happens, contact Moxa RMA services.

#### Firmware Upgrade

Upgrading firmware may cause devices to reset to factory default.  
Back up the configuration of all devices.

No file chosen

## Maintenance—Load Factory Default

To clear all the settings on the unit, use the Load Factory Default to reset the unit to its initial factory default values.

#### Load Factory Default

[Home](#) > [Load Factory Default](#)

Click on Reset Button to reset all settings, including the console password, to the factory default values.

The event log will remain after rebooting

Keep Current IP Setting

**Info:** To leave the IP address, netmask, and gateway settings unchanged, make sure that Keep IP settings is enabled.



### ATTENTION

Load Default will completely reset the configuration of the unit, and all the parameters you have saved will be discarded. Do not use this function unless you are sure you want to completely reset your unit.

# Restart

You can reboot the MGate by clicking the RESTART button.



## ATTENTION

Unsaved configuration files will be discarded during a reboot.

### Restart

Home > Restart

Clicking "Restart" will disconnect Ethernet connections and reboot the system.

**RESTART**

# Status Monitoring

The Status Monitoring function provides status information of field devices when the MGate is being used as a Modbus client. If a Modbus device fails or a cable comes loose, the gateway won't be able to receive up-to-date data from the Modbus device. The out-of-date data will be stored in the gateway's memory and will be retrieved by the client (e.g., PLC), which is not aware that the slave device is not providing up-to-date data. To handle this situation, the MGate provides a warning mechanism to report the list of slave devices that are still "alive" through the Status Monitoring function.

The MGate automatically creates a status tag when a Modbus device is created. This tag is used to show the connection status (valid or invalid) of the Modbus server device. To monitor the status of the status tag, you can convert this tag to the northbound protocol and read for the northbound SCADA/device. Or, you can check the tag status on MGate's web, the Tag View page.

To perform the status tag monitoring from your northbound protocol, go to the northbound protocol's page (for example, the PROFINET IO device page), click **Application Relation** and **ADD SLOT** to add tags, select `modbus_tcp_client` as the tag provider, and select the "status" tag. The MGate will automatically add a mapping from this Modbus tag to the other protocol.

### Add Slot

Slot Number  
1

Type  
Input

Slot Name  
voltage

Select Tags

Info:  
Select one or more tag providers to get their tags, and select tags to map data.

Providers  
modbus\_tcp\_client

Selected Tags  
c1 (+1 more)

CANCEL **SAVE**

The highest significant bit shows the status. 1 is invalid, 0 is valid.

Provider	Source	Name	Type	Value	Timestamp
modbus_tcp_master	Meter1	status	int32	valid (0x0000)	2022-08-01T10:41:10.542+08:00

Provider	Source	Name	Type	Value	Timestamp
modbus_tcp_master	Meter1	status	int32	invalid (0x00000000)	2022-08-01T10:46:31.403+08:00

## 4. Network Management Tool (MXstudio)

---

Moxa's MXstudio industrial network management suite includes tools such as MXconfig and MXview. MXconfig is for industrial network configuration; MXview is for industrial management software. The MXstudio suite in the MGate includes MXconfig and MXview, which are used for the mass configuration of network devices and monitoring network topology, respectively. The following functions are supported:

When you discover a Moxa product that has not been integrated into MXview or MXconfig, you may not be able to retrieve the product information from MXview or MXconfig. To solve this, you can download the plugin file from the Moxa MGate product website and then import/install the plugin into MXview or MXconfig.

After importing/installing the plugin files, the MGate products can be supported by MXview/MXconfig. Please refer to the Moxa MGate product website to download plugin files: <http://www.moxa.com>. For more detailed functions such as supported functions on MXview/MXconfig, please refer to the Tech Note: Configuring and Monitoring with MXview One/MXview and MXconfig.

# A. SNMP Agents with MIB II and RS-232-Like Groups

---

The MGate has built-in Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) agent software that supports SNMP Trap, RFC1317 and RS-232-like groups, and RFC 1213 MIB-II.

## RFC1213 MIB-II Supported SNMP Variables

System MIB	Interfaces MIB	IP MIB	ICMP MIB
sysDescr	ifNumber	ipForwarding	icmpInMsgs
sysObjectID	ifIndex	ipDefaultTTL	icmpInErrors
sysUpTime	ifDescr	ipInReceives	icmpInDestUnreachs
sysContact	ifType	ipInHdrErrors	icmpInTimeExcds
sysName	ifMtu	ipInAddrErrors	icmpInParmProbs
sysLocation	ifSpeed	ipForwDatagrams	icmpInSrcQuenches
sysServices	ifPhysAddress	ipInUnknownProtos	icmpInRedirects
	ifAdminStatus	ipInDiscards	icmpInEchos
	ifOperStatus	ipInDelivers	icmpInEchoReps
	ifLastChange	ipOutRequests	icmpInTimestamps
	ifInOctets	ipOutDiscards	icmpTimestampReps
	ifInUcastPkts	ipOutNoRoutes	icmpInAddrMasks
	ifInNUcastPkts	ipReasmTimeout	icmpInAddrMaskReps
	ifInDiscards	ipReasmReqds	icmpOutMsgs
	ifInErrors	ipReasmOKs	icmpOutErrors
	ifInUnknownProtos	ipReasmFails	icmpOutDestUnreachs
	ifOutOctets	ipFragOKs	icmpOutTimeExcds
	ifOutUcastPkts	ipFragFails	icmpOutParmProbs
	ifOutNUcastPkts	ipFragCreates	icmpOutSrcQuenches
	ifOutDiscards	ipAdEntAddr	icmpOutRedirects
	ifOutErrors	ipAdEntIfIndex	icmpOutEchos
	ifOutQLen	ipAdEntNetMask	icmpOutEchoReps
	ifSpecific	ipAdEntBcastAddr	icmpOutTimestamps
		ipAdEntReasmMaxSize	icmpOutTimestampReps
		ipRouteDest	icmpOutAddrMasks
		ipRouteIfIndex	icmpOutAddrMaskReps
		ipRouteMetric1	
		ipRouteMetric2	
		ipRouteMetric3	
		ipRouteMetric4	
		ipRouteNextHop	
		ipRouteType	
		ipRouteProto	
		ipRouteAge	
		ipRouteMask	
		ipRouteMetric5	
		ipRouteInfo	
		ipNetToMediaIfIndex	
		ipNetToMediaPhysAddress	
		ipNetToMediaNetAddress	
		ipNetToMediaType	
		ipRoutingDiscards	

Address Translation MIB	TCP MIB	UDP MIB	SNMP MIB
atIfIndex	tcpRtoAlgorithm	udpInDatagrams	snmpInPkts
atPhysAddress	tcpRtoMin	udpNoPorts	snmpOutPkts
atNetAddress	tcpRtoMax	udpInErrors	snmpInBadVersions
	tcpMaxConn	udpOutDatagrams	snmpInBadCommunityNames
	tcpActiveOpens	udpLocalAddress	snmpInBadCommunityUses
	tcpPassiveOpens	udpLocalPort	snmpInASNParseErrs
	tcpAttemptFails		snmpInTooBigs
	tcpEstabResets		snmpInNoSuchNames
	tcpCurrEstab		snmpInBadValues
	tcpInSegs		snmpInReadOnlys
	tcpOutSegs		snmpInGenErrs
	tcpRetransSegs		snmpInTotalReqVars
	tcpConnState		snmpInTotalSetVars
	tcpConnLocalAddress		snmpInGetRequests
	tcpConnLocalPort		snmpInGetNexts
	tcpConnRemAddress		snmpInSetRequests
	tcpConnRemPort		snmpInGetResponses
	tcpInErrs		snmpInTraps
	tcpOutRsts		snmpOutTooBigs
			snmpOutNoSuchNames
			snmpOutBadValues
			snmpOutGenErrs
			snmpOutGetRequests
			snmpOutGetNexts
			snmpOutSetRequests
			snmpOutGetResponses
			snmpOutTraps
			snmpEnableAuthenTraps
			snmpSilentDrops
			snmpProxyDrops

## RFC1317 RS-232-Like Groups

RS-232 MIB	Async Port MIB
rs232Number	rs232AsyncPortIndex
rs232PortIndex	rs232AsyncPortBits
rs232PortType	rs232AsyncPortStopBits
rs232PortInSigNumber	rs232AsyncPortParity
rs232PortOutSigNumber	
rs232PortInSpeed	
rs232PortOutSpeed	

Input Signal MIB	Output Signal MIB
rs232InSigPortIndex	rs232OutSigPortIndex
rs232InSigName	rs232OutSigName
rs232InSigState	rs232OutSigState